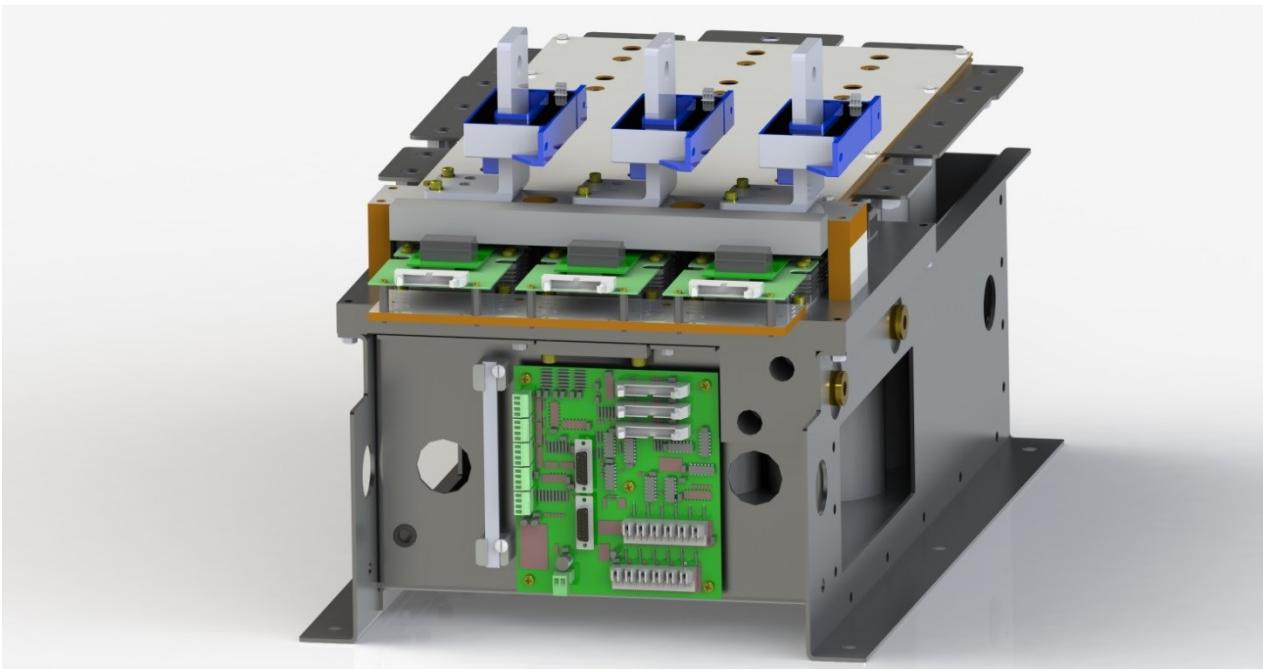


Datasheet

Modular Inverter System VARIS™ XT Compact-14-17-W

- Individual circuit arrangement
- Hard- and soft paralleling possible
- Water cooled
- 5040µF capacitance per module
- Current, voltage and temperature measurement
- Interfaceboard with signal processing



General information:

VARIS™ XT Compact is the little brother of the VARIS™ XT and consists of three half bridge IGBT modules with 8 or 9 dc-link capacitors. All semiconductors are placed on one cooling plate for a perfect homogenous cooling. Its modular design allows paralleling of the AC-output/input as well as paralleling of the dc-link with other VARIS™ XT Compacts. Possible circuit arrangements are single three phase inverters, active front end topologies, and chopper circuits.

An interfaceboard located on the front of the VARIS™ XT Compact summarizes all IGBT signals as well as voltage, current and temperature measurements.



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1. General Circuit Arrangements:

The following figure shows the general circuit arrangement. VARIS™ XT Compact can be divided into three half bridge modules (P1-P3) that are all connected to one DC-link.

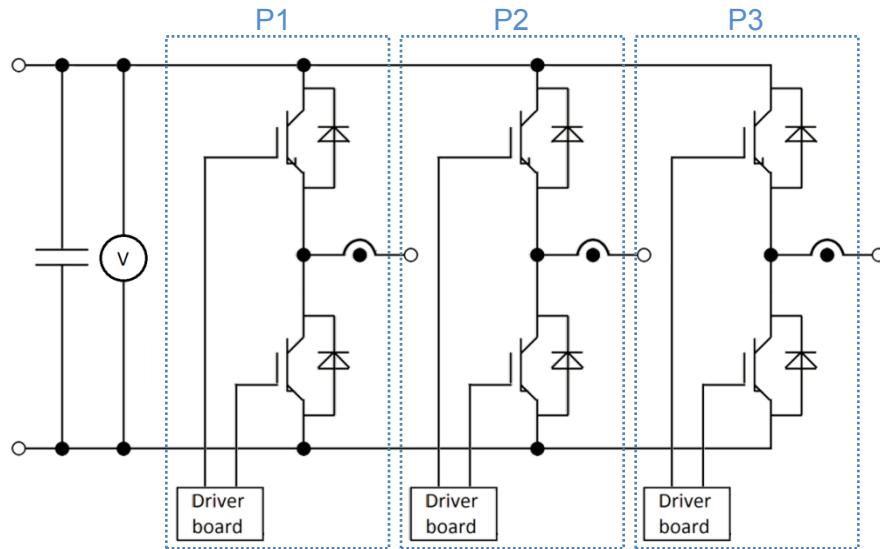


Figure 1: Standard hardware setup

Depending on the application different circuit arrangements are possible. For higher power, all circuits shown below can be expanded with additional VARIS™ XT Compact modules.

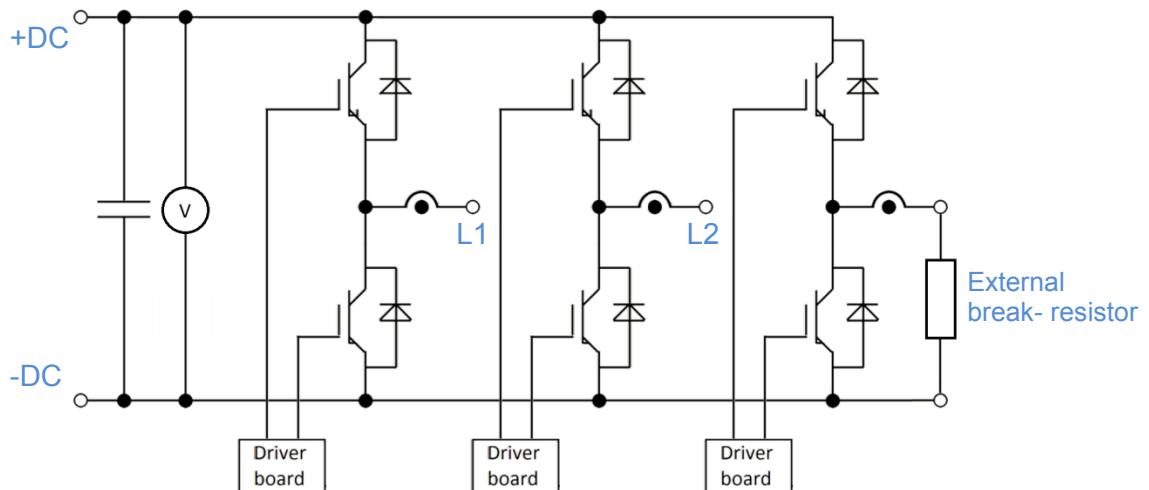


Figure 2: Single-phase inverter with break chopper

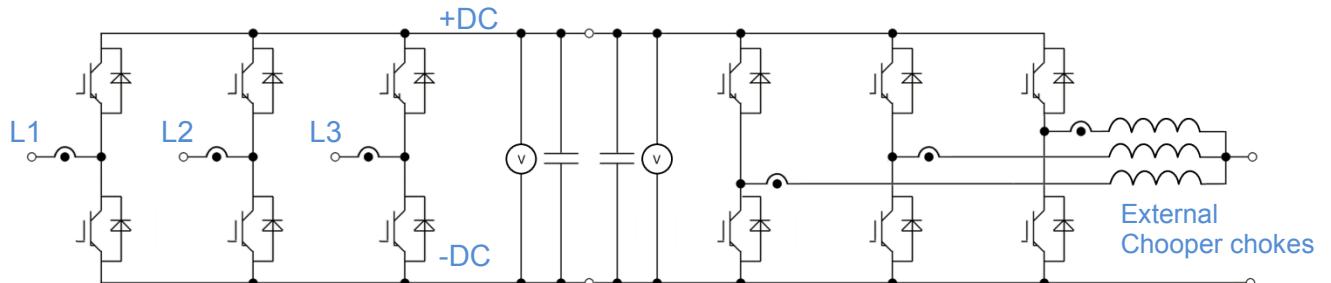


Figure 3: 3 phase AFE with triple interleaved Chopper

Our IGBT modules are optimized for direct paralleling, which means they have the same $V_{ce(sat)}$ forward voltage among themselves. However, when using direct paralleling the current measurement has to be external. Optional current sensors for direct paralleling are available on request.

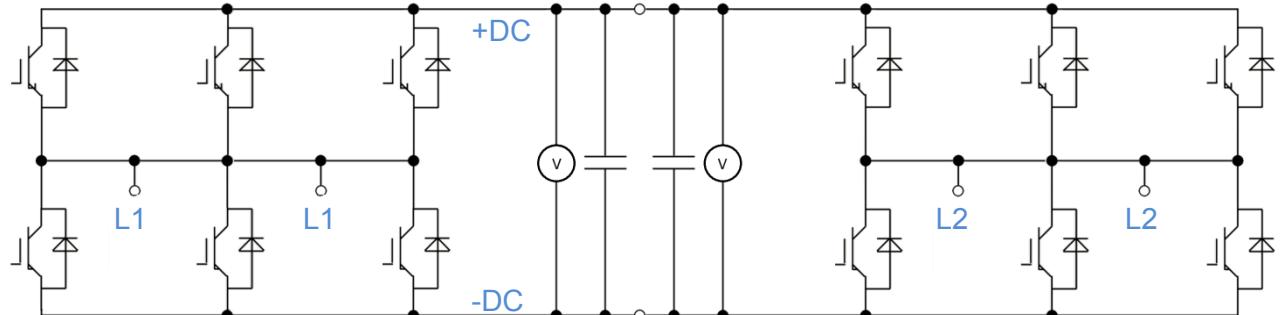
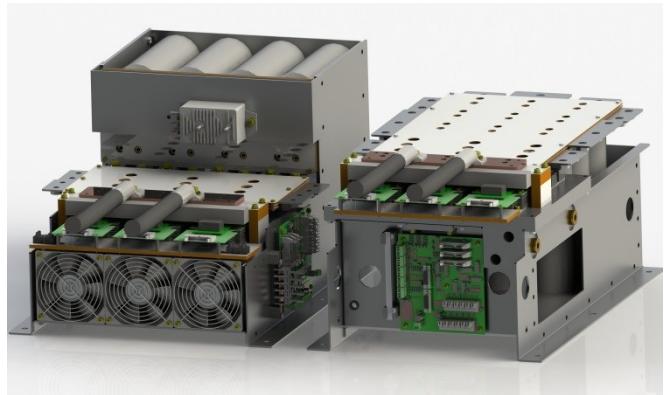


Figure 4: Two VARIS XT Compact in parallel, AC- output/input of each VARIS paralleled

2. Technical Data Module:

Absolute maximum rated values		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Collector emitter voltage	IGBT, $T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{ces}			1700	V
Peak reverse voltage	Diode, $T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{rrm}			1700	V
DC-link voltage		V_{dc}			1200	V
Maximum line voltage	$\pm 10\%$ tolerance	V_{line}			690	V_{RMS}
Insulation test voltage according EN 61800-5-1	$f=50\text{Hz}, t=1\text{min}$	V_{iso}			3000	V_{RMS}
Repetitive peak collector current, IGBT	$t_p \leq 1\text{ms}$	I_{crm}			2800	A
Repetitive peak forward current, Diode	$t_p \leq 1\text{ms}$	I_{frm}			2800	A
Continuous output current per phase leg	$V_{dc}=1000\text{V}, V_{ac}=690\text{V}_{RMS}, \cos(\varphi)=0.95, f_{ac_sine}=50\text{Hz}, f_{sw}=2\text{kHz}, m=1.0, T_{inlet}/T_{amb} \leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}, T_{vjsw} \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{ac}			1242	A_{RMS}
Junction temperature under switching conditions	At continuous current I_{ac}	T_{vjsw}			125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction temperature under overload conditions	At $I_{ac_over1/2}$ (see page 14)	T_{vjsw}			150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Characteristic values		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Rated voltage	DC-link	V_{dc}		1000	1200	V
Total capacitance	Capacitor rated tolerance $\pm 10\%$	C_{dc}		5040		μF
DC-link current ripple	$T_{amb} \leq 55^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_{ripple_Cdc}			540	A_{RMS}
Capacitor type	IEC61071 Standard, 50 FIT (100000h, $\theta_{Hotspot} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$)			PP-Foil		
Balance or discharge resistor per DC link unit	Optional, refers to customers desired discharge time			TBD		$k\Omega$

System data general			Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
EMC robustness	According to EN 61800-3	Power	V _{burst}		TBD		kV
		Control	V _{burst}		TBD		kV
		Aux	V _{surge}		TBD		kV
Storage temperature	Without remains of coolant		T _{storage}	-40		80	°C
Operational ambient temp.			T _{op_amb}	-20		55	°C
Humidity No condensation	max. relative humidity		Rel. H		75		%
	occasional		Occ. H		85		
	30 days/year		30 day. H		95		
Cabinet cooling air velocity	PCB, DC link capacitor, bus bar		V _{air}	2			m/s
Vibration	According DIN IEC 60721				TBD		m/s ²
Mech. shock	According DIN IEC 60721				TBD		m/s ²
Protection degree					IP00		
Pollution degree					2		
Dimensions	Width x Depth x Height			412	668	414.5	mm
Water flow			Q		12	30	L/min
Water pressure drop	at Q		Δp		400	2700	mbar
Test pressure	heatsink		p		7		bar
Coolant inlet temperature			T _{inlet}	-25		55	°C
Coolant composition	Recommended mix ratio: Water (W) – antifreeze (AF)			48 (W)		52 (AF)	%
Cooling channel material	Aluminum						
Water connection	Standard terminal at the front, inner thread				½		inch
Weight					40.9		kg

3. Technical Data Interfaceboard:

The Interfaceboard is located right next to the Driverboards and summarizes the IGBT signals as well as the AC-output current measurements, DC-link voltage measurement, and PT100 temperature measurement.

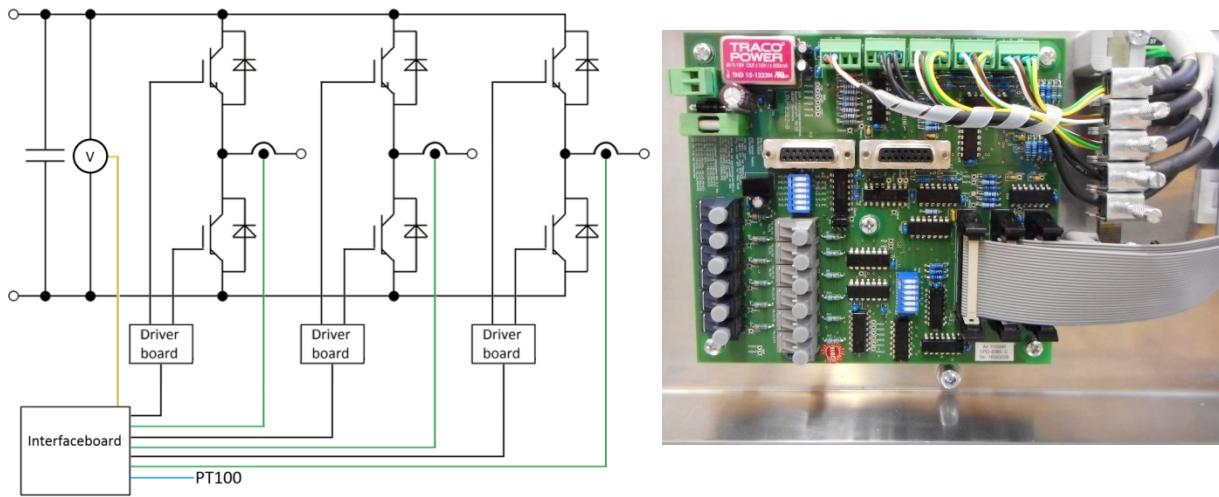


Figure 5: VARIS™ XT Compact circuit arrangement with Interfaceboard

The interfaceboard can be controlled optical via HFBR connectors, or electrical via SUB-D connectors. It contains switches for paralleling of the IGBT phase legs, where the IGBT signals are automatically split and directed to the corresponding paralleled modules.

The board can give out the feedback from each IGBT modules high- and lowside, or can combine the modules high- and lowside status to one feedback signal. The combined feedback minimizes the wiring effort, and still guarantees a feedback from each module.

A hardware interlock of the PWM signals automatically shuts down the system when a short circuit or under voltage of one driverboard is detected. When the error disappears the system either can go back to normal operation, or can store the error until the interfaceboard gets an external reset.

For thermal monitoring the NTC of each IGBT module is evaluated. If an over temperature of an IGBT arises a status signal is send to the operator controller. The temperature error can be reset automatically or erased externally. Moreover, VARIS XT Compact features a PT100 heatsink measurement, which can be evaluated by the customer controller.

The current and voltage measurements are collected, filtered, amplified and given to a SUB-D connector for further evaluation. The system voltage of the interfaceboard is 15V.

Interfaceboard: General system data		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	Phoenix MSTBA2 connector Pin 1	V _{DD}	14.5	15	15.5	V _{DC}
Driverboard ground	Phoenix MSTBA2 connector Pin 2	GND		0		V _{DC}
Supply current interface-board during stand-by	Stand-by, f _{SW} = 0	I _{driver}		970		mA
Supply current interface-board during operation	at f _{SW} = 2kHz	I _{driver}		1720		mA
	at f _{SW} = 6kHz			2840		mA
	Max.				5000	mA

Interfaceboard: Optical interface	Versatile link HFBR-connectors	Symbol	Signal
Gate signal highside P1	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR1	HS_P1*
Gate signal highside P2	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR2	HS_P2*
Gate signal highside P3	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR3	HS_P3*
Gate signal lowside P1	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR4	LS_P1*
Gate signal lowside P2	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR5	LS_P2*
Gate signal lowside P3	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2531	XR6	LS_P3*
Status signal P1/ P1_HS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT1	FB_P1/ FB_HS_P1
Status signal P2/ P2_HS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT2	FB_P2/ FB_HS_P2
Status signal P3/ P3_HS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT3	FB_P3/ FB_HS_P3
Status signal P4_LS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT4	FB_LS_P1
Status signal P5_LS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT5	FB_LS_P2
Status signal P3_LS	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1531	XT6	FB_LS_P3

*Optical: Light On=IGBT On, Light Off=IGBT Off

Interfaceboard: Electrical interface X2	15 SUB-D Connector (FCI D15S24A4GV00LF Female)	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 2	Positive supply voltage	+V _{CC}		+15		V _{DC}
Pin 3	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 4	Current sensor signal P1 at I _{pn} =2000A converted into voltage	C _{P1} at I _{pn}		±10		V
Pin 5	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 6	Current sensor signal P2 at I _{pn} =2000A converted into voltage	C _{P2} at I _{pn}		±10		V
Pin 7	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 8	Current sensor signal P3 at I _{pn} =2000A converted into voltage	C _{P3} at I _{pn}		±10		V
Pin 9	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 10	Negative supply voltage	-V _{CC}		-15		V _{DC}
Pin 11	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 12	temperature sensor (PT100) signal T1	V _{T1}	0(0°C)		+11,5 (150°C)	V
Pin 13	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V
Pin 14	DC-link voltage sensor signal at V _{pn} =1500V	V _{DC} at V _{pn}		+10		V
Pin 15	Sensor ground	GND _{SENSE}		0		V

Interfaceboard: Electrical interface X3	15 SUB-D Connector (FCI D15S24A4GV00LF Female)	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1	Driver fault	FAULT	Ok: 0		Fault: 15	V
Pin 2	Reset overtemp. or driver fault	RESET		+15		V
Pin 3	Driver temperature status	TEMP_OK	Fault: 0		Ok: 15	V
Pin 4	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 5	Clock signal HS P1*	#HS_P1	0		+15	V
Pin 6	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 7	Clock signal HS P2*	#HS_P2	0		+15	V
Pin 8	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 9	Clock signal HS P3*	#HS_P3	0		+15	V
Pin 10	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 11	Clock signal LS P1*	#LS_P1	0		+15	V
Pin 12	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 13	Clock signal LS P2*	#LS_P2	0		+15	V
Pin 14	Driver ground	GND		0		V
Pin 15	Clock signal LS P3*	#LS_P3	0		+15	V

*Electrical: 0V=IGBT Off, 15V=IGBT On

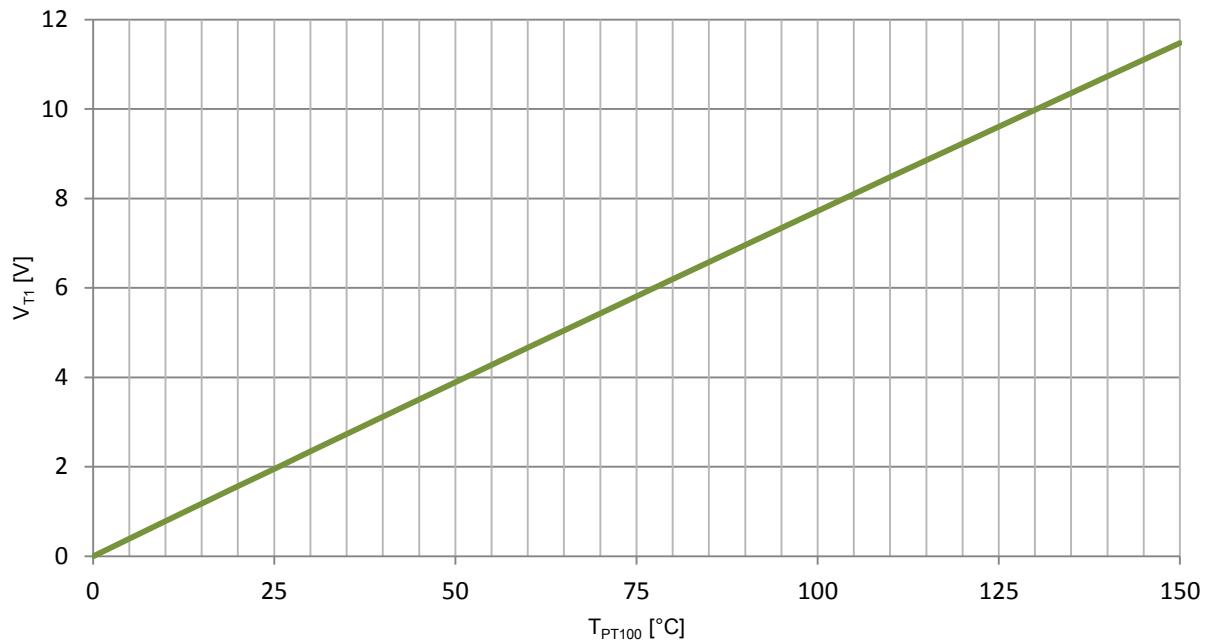


Figure 6: Characteristic curve of the analog heatsink temperature V_{T1} over the PT100 temperature sensor

4. Technical Data Driverboard:

Each IGBT module has its own driverboard, and all driverboard signals are brought together at the interface-board. The signal transfer from driverboard to interfaceboard is electrical, and from interfaceboard to customer control optical or electrical.

However, VARIS™ XT Compact is also available without interfaceboard. In this case the operator also can choose between an optical and an electrical driverboard signal transmission.

Driverboard interface		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage Pin 1 GND, Pin 2 Vaux		V _{aux}	14.5	15	15.5	V _{DC}
Supply current driver-board during stand-by	Stand-by, f _{sw} = 0, optical	I _{driver}		266		mA
	Stand-by, f _{sw} = 0, electrical	I _{driver}		74		mA
Supply current driver-board during operation	at f _{sw} = 2kHz, optical	I _{driver}		343		mA
	at f _{sw} = 2kHz, electrical			127		mA
	at f _{sw} = 6kHz, optical			497		mA
	at f _{sw} = 6kHz, electrical			234		mA
Maximum switching frequency	T _{amb} <=85°C	f _{sw_max}			7	kHz
	T _{amb} <=70°C				12	kHz
IGBT NTC temperature measurement range**	Electrical: analog voltage signal	T _{NTC}	-25		150	°C

Driverboard: Electrical interface	26 Pin Latch/Ejector, 2.54mm grid (e.g. 3M 34296002)	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1,3	Supply voltage	V _{DC}		15		V _{DC}
Pin 5,7	Supply voltage	V _{CC}		15		V _{DC}
Pin 9	Status lowside, 15V CMOS out	SO2_OUT		15		V
Pin 11	Signal input lowside	SI_INB		15		V
Pin 13	Status highside, 15V CMOS out	SO1_OUT		15		V
Pin 15	Signal input highside	SI_INA		15		V
Pin 17	Do not connect					
Pin 19	Do not connect					
Pin 21	Status lowside with acknowledgement pulse	Status2		15		V
Pin 23	Status highside with acknowledgement pulse	Status1		15		V
Pin 25	Analog output of NTC**	V _{Temp_Out}	0		5	V
Pin 2,4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24,26	Ground	GND				

Driverboard: Optical interface	Versatile link HFBR-connectors	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Gate signal highside	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2521	XR1				
Status signal highside	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1521	XT1				
Gate signal lowside	Fiber optic receiver HFBR-2521	XR2				
Status signal lowside	Fiber optic transmitter HFBR-1521	XT2				

Electrical interface X1	Driver supply when using opti- cal interface MSTBA4-5.08mm	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1	Ground	GND				
Pin 2	Supply voltage	V _{CC}		15		V _{DC}
Pin 3	Supply voltage	V _{DC}		15		V _{DC}
Pin 4	Analog output of NTC**	V _{Temp_Out}	0		5	V

**The temperature of the IGBT-module NTC is converted into a voltage. The following formula gives the conversion from voltage to temperature and vice versa. (Unit of T_{NTC} in absolute Kelvin)

$$T_{NTC} = \frac{B}{\ln\left(\frac{(X \cdot R_S \cdot R_P - R_S \cdot V_{Temp_Out} \cdot R_P)}{R_{25} \cdot (V_{Temp_Out} \cdot R_P - R_S \cdot X + R_S \cdot V_{Temp_Out})}\right) + \frac{B}{298,15}} \quad \text{Formula 1.0}$$

The following constants are valid for the used NTC:

Constants of formula 1.0	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Resistance	R _S		220		Ω
Resistance	R _P		1800		Ω
B value	B		3433		K
Resistance	R ₂₅		5000		Ω
Factor	X		11		

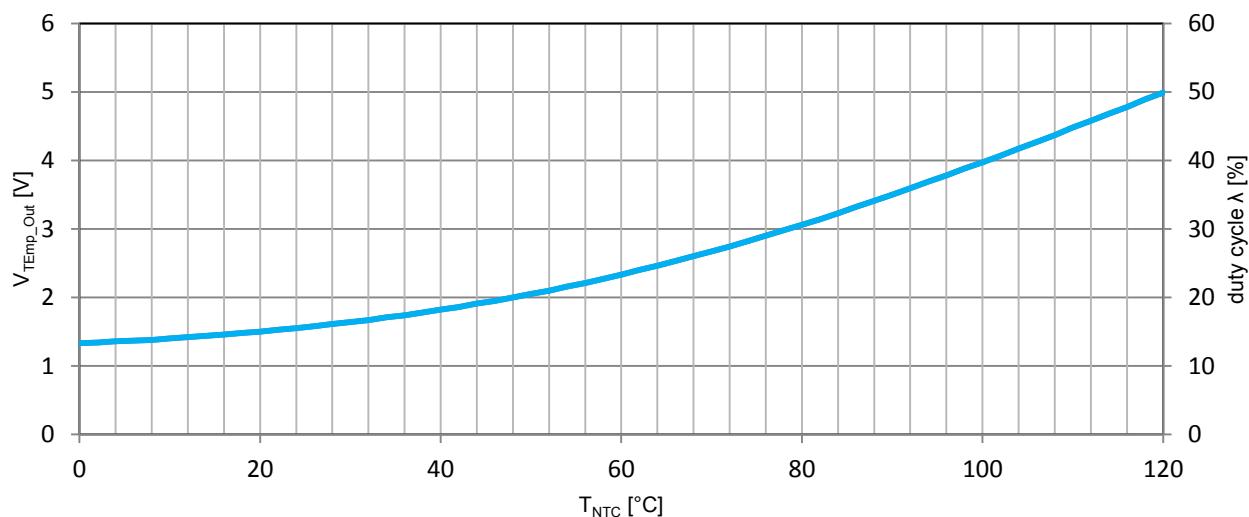


Figure 7: Characteristic curve of the analog temperature sense output V_{Temp_Out} and the duty cycle λ over the IGBT NTC temperature T_{NTC}

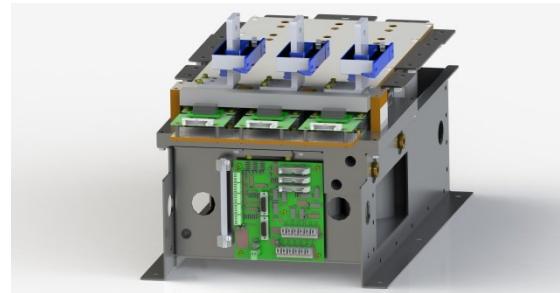
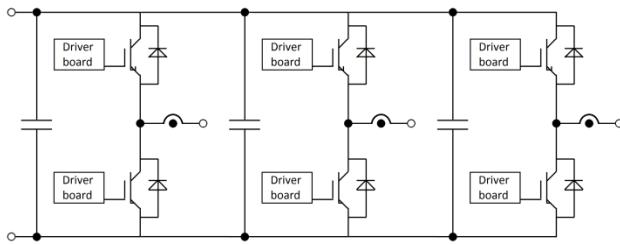
5. Technical Data Sensing:

The supply voltage of all sensors is provided by the interfaceboard. The actual values of current, voltage and temperature are amplified, filtered, and directed to two SUB-D connectors (details see interfaceboard section). However this section gives a quick overview of the sensors used and their accuracy.

Current sensor interface		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Positive supply voltage		+V _a			+15	V
Negative supply voltage		-V _a	-15			V
Nominal primary current		I _{pn}		±1000		A
Measuring range		I _{p_max}	-3000		3000	A
Output voltage		V _{out} at I _{pn}		±4		V
Ratio primary current I _{pn} to secondary voltage V _{out}				250		A/V
Current consumption		I _{pn}		<20		mA
Accuracy at I _{pn}	at T _{amb} = 25°C, excluding electrical offset voltage		-1.0		+1.0	%
Electrical offset voltage	at T _{amb} = 25°C		-20		+20	mV
Frequency Bandwidth		BW	DC		25	kHz
Electrical interface	4 Pin connector (e.g. Molex 5045-04A)	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1	Positive supply voltage	+V _a		+15		V
Pin 2	Negative supply voltage	-V _a		-15		V
Pin 3	Output	M				V
Pin 4	Ground	GND		0		V

Voltage sensor interface		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Positive supply voltage		+V _a			+15	V
Negative supply voltage		-V _a	-15			V
Nominal primary voltage		V _{pn}		±1000		V
Measuring range		V _{p_max}	-1500		1500	V
Output current		I _{out} at V _{pn}		±50		mA
Ratio primary votalge V _{pn} to secondary current I _{out}				20000		V/A
Current consumption		I _{pn}		<20		mA
Accuracy at V _{pn}	at T _{amb} = 25°C		-0.9		+0.9	%
Electrical offset current	at T _{amb} = 25°C		-0.15		+0.15	mA
Frequency Bandwidth		BW	DC		25	kHz
Electrical interface	M4 screw terminal	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Pin 1	Positive supply voltage	+V _a		+15		V
Pin 2	Negative supply voltage	-V _a		-15		V
Pin 3	Output	M				V
Pin 4	Earth	E				V
Pin 5	Positive high voltage	HV+				V
Pin 6	Negative high voltage	HV-				V

6. Technical Data 3-Phase Inverter:



The following values are for a single three phase inverter configuration:

Characteristic values	Cooling type	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Rated continuous current per leg V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, $T_{inlet}/T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vjsw} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	Water	I _{ac}			1242	A _{RMS}
Rated continuous output power 3 phase inverter V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, $T_{inlet}/T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vjsw} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	Water	P _{out}			1410	kW
Rated continuous over-current t _{on} ≤ 60s V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, $T_{inlet}/T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t_{on} \leq 60\text{s } T \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	Water	I _{ac_over1}			1550	A _{RMS}
Rated continuous over-current t _{on} ≤ 3s V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0 $T_{inlet}/T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t_{on} \leq 3\text{s } T \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	Water	I _{ac_over2}			1620	A _{RMS}
Power losses per phase leg V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, at I _{ac} $T_{vjsw} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	Water	P _{loss_leg}			4844	W
Power losses 3 phase inverter V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, at I _{ac} $T_{vjsw} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	Water	P _{loss_tot1}			14532	W
Power losses VARIS™ XT Compact (2x 3 phase inverter) V _{dc} =1000V, V _{ac} =690V _{RMS} , $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, f _{ac_sine} =50Hz, f _{sw} =2kHz, m=1.0, at I _{ac} $T_{vjsw} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	Water	P _{loss_tot2}			29064	W
Switching frequency	Water	f _{sw}	2000			Hz
Power factor		cos(φ)	-1.00		1.00	

Current and Power ratings water cooled 3-phase configuration:

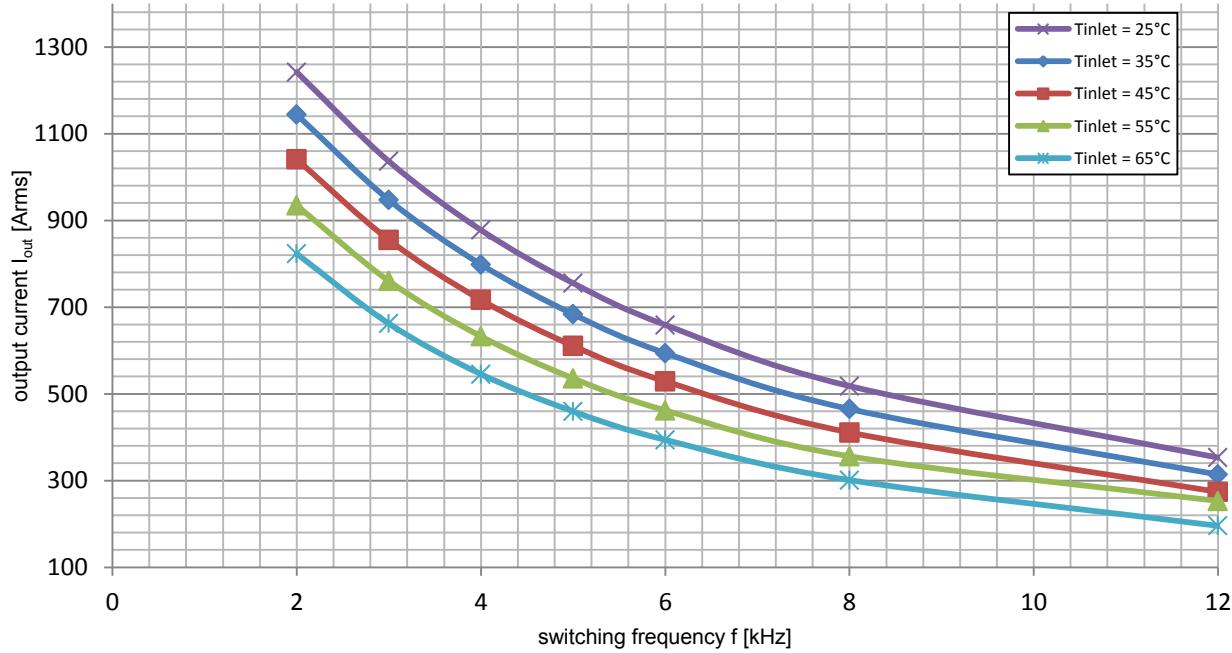


Figure 8: Current rating VARIS™ XT Compact-14-17-W (3-phase configuration)
Measurement at $V_{dc}=1000V$, $Q = 12$ L/min, $V_{ac}=690V_{RMS}$, $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, $m=1.0$, $f_{ac_sine}=50Hz$, $T_{vjsw}\leq125^{\circ}C$

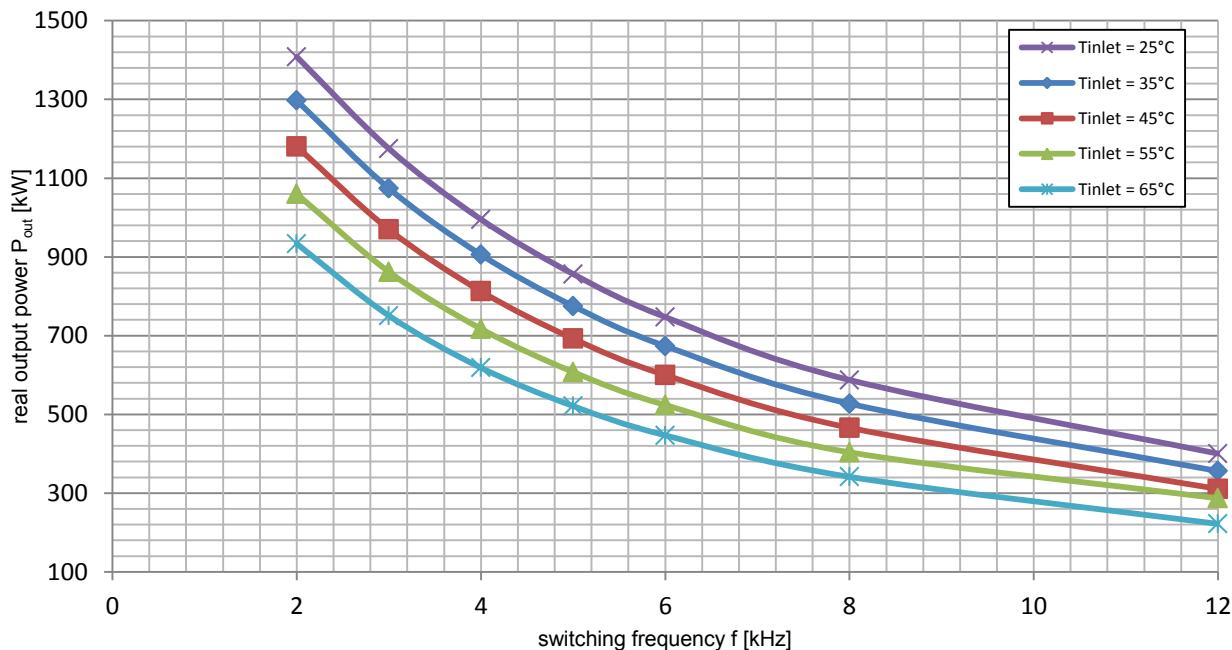
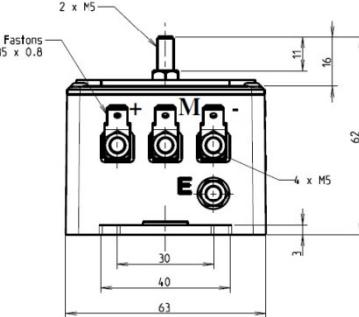


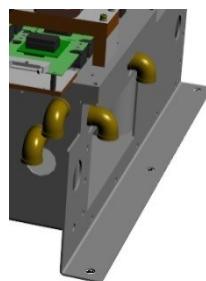
Figure 9: Power rating VARIS™ XT Compact-14-17-W (3-phase configuration)
Measurement at $V_{dc}=1000V$, $Q = 12$ L/min, $V_{ac}=690V_{RMS}$, $\cos(\varphi)=0.95$, $m=1.0$, $f_{ac_sine}=50Hz$, $T_{vjsw}\leq125^{\circ}C$

7. Interfaces and Connections:

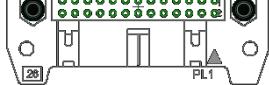
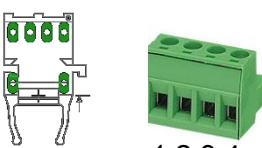
Current- and Voltage- Sensor Interface:

Current sensor:	Voltage sensor:
 <p>MOLEX Connector 5045-04A</p>	 <p>Dimensions: 2 x M5, 3 Fastons 6.35 x 0.8, 4 x M5, 11, 16, 62, 30, 40, 63, 2, 1.</p>

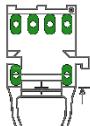
Water Connection (1/2 inch) two possibilities to connect:



Signal Interfaces Driverboard:

Driverboard electrical 26 Pin Latch/Ejector, 2.54mm grid (e.g. 3M 34296002):	Driverboard optical (HFBR-15xx, supply voltage MSTBA4 5.08mm):
	 <p>1 2 3 4</p>

Signal Interfaces Interfaceboard:

2x 15 Pin female SUB-D for electrical sensor signals (female on PCB):	12x HFBR-2531 for IGBT control signals:
	

MSTBA2 for power supply:

 <p>1 2</p>	6x HFBR-1531 for IGBT feedback signals:
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8. Mechanical Drawings:

- All dimensions in millimeter (mm)

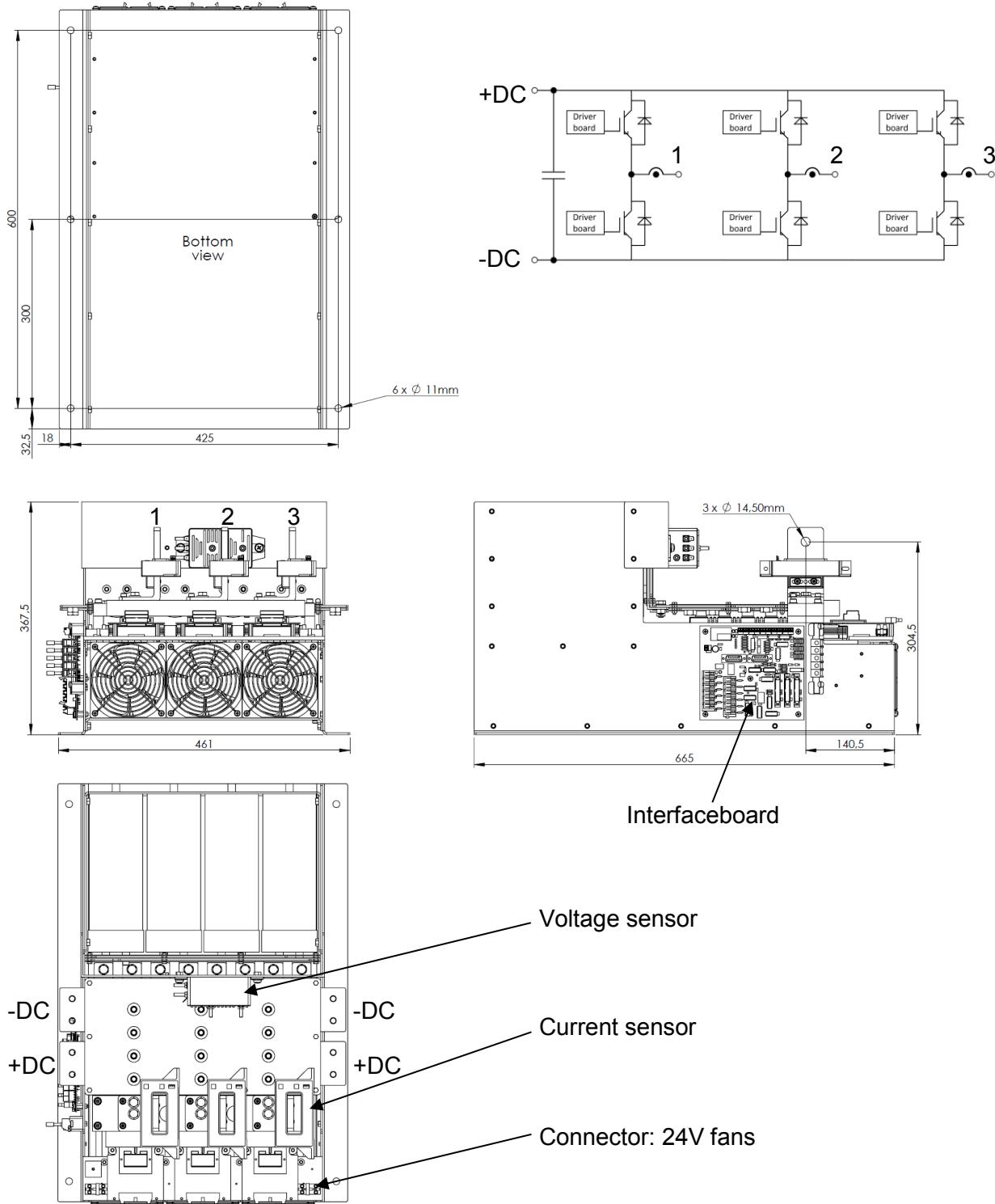


Figure 10: Mechanical drawing of the VARIS™ XT Compact-14-17-A (air cooled)

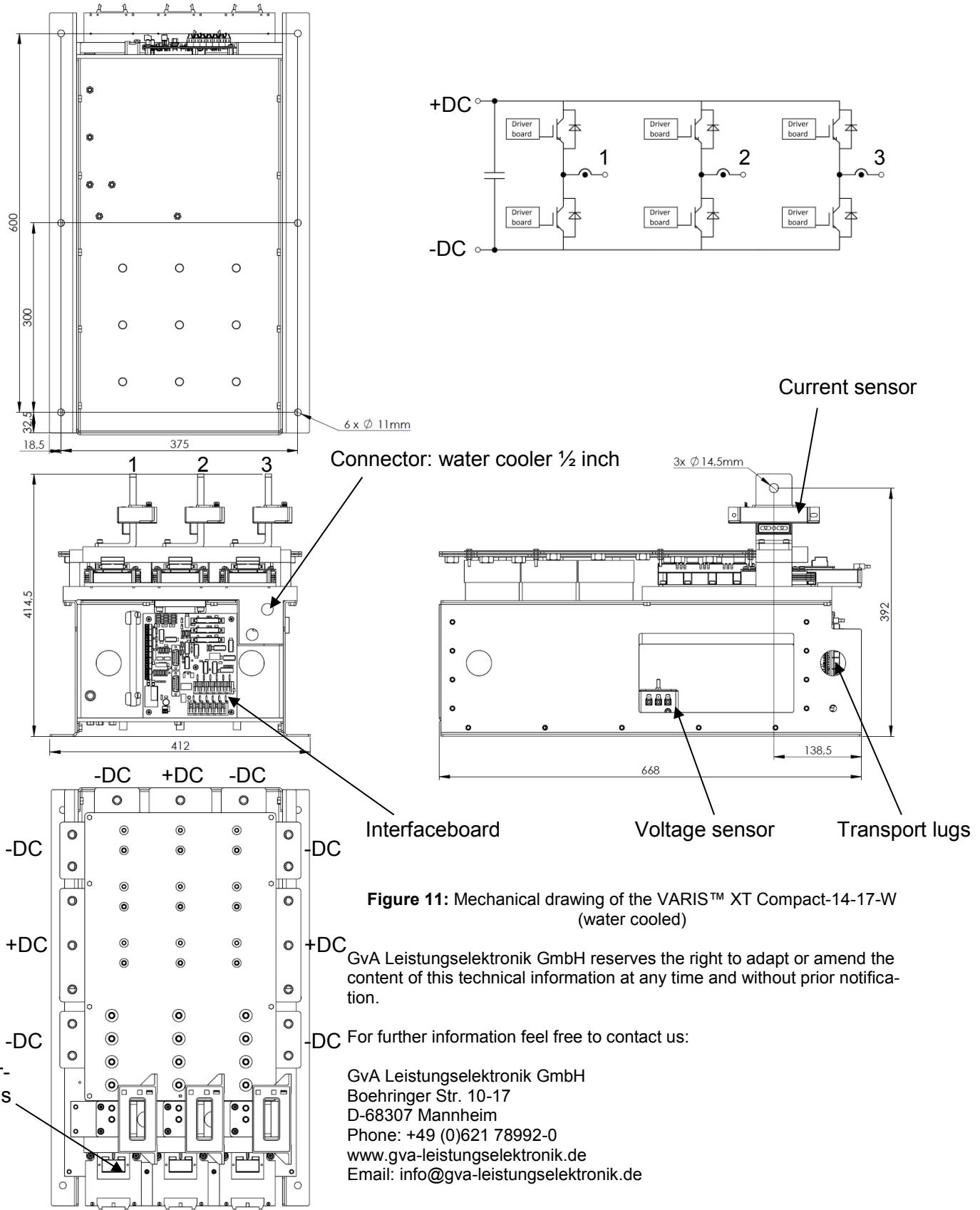


Figure 11: Mechanical drawing of the VARIS™ XT Compact-14-17-W (water cooled)

GvA Leistungselektronik GmbH reserves the right to adapt or amend the content of this technical information at any time and without prior notification.

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